Form No. 10-300

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM DATE ENTERED SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS NAME HISTORIC African Methodist Episcopal Church AND/OR COMMON LOCATION STREET & NUMBER Northeast corner of Decatur Street at Frederick Street (U.S. Rte. 220) NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CITY, TOWN Cumberland VICINITY OF Sixth · CODE STATE CODE COUNTY Maryland Allegany 001 CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY OWNERSHIP STATUS PRESENT USE DISTRICT PUBLIC X_OCCUPIED __AGRICULTURE __MUSEUM X_BUILDING(S) PRIVATE _UNOCCUPIED _COMMERCIAL __PARK __STRUCTURE _WORK IN PROGRESS _EDUCATIONAL __PRIVATE RESIDENCE __SITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION ACCESSIBLE X RELIGIOUS ENTERTAINMENT __OBJECT X_YES: RESTRICTED IN PROCESS _GOVERNMENT _SCIENTIFIC __BEING CONSIDERED __YES: UNRESTRICTED _INDUSTRIAL _TRANSPORTATION _NO MILITARY OTHER: **OWNER OF PROPERTY** Congregation of the A.M.E. Church Attention: Reverend Jackson STREET & NUMBER Decatur Street at Frederick Street CITY, TOWN STATE Cumberland Maryland 21502 BLOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Allegany County Courthouse STREET & NUMBER Prospect Square CITY, TOWN STATE Cumberland 21502 Maryland REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE DATE __FEDERAL __STATE __COUNTY __LOCAL **DEPOSITORY FOR** SURVEY RECORDS CITY, TOWN STATE

CONDITION

_EXCELLENT GOOD

XFAIR

_RUINS __UNEXPOSED

_DETERIORATED

UNALTERED X_ALTERED

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

X_ORIGINAL SITE _MOVED

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The African Methodist Episcopal Church is located on the northeast corner of Decatur and Frederick Streets, Cumberland, Maryland. It was built in 1892 on the site of an earlier church.

The church is a two-story brick building on a concrete foundation with a gable roof. The south gable end contains the main entrance and faces Decatur Street: the west elevation lies along Frederick Street. The sanctuary is on the second floor with a meeting room below.

The south gable end has a large, pointed-arch stained glass window at the second story level and two recessed, double doors separated by three small round-arched windows on the first floor. A band of decorative brick extends across the wall at the level of the top of the doors. A second band crosses the facade on either side of the large window. The large window consists of two smaller, pointed-arch windows with a round window above contained in the molding of the larger window. Each leaf of the double doors in the two entrances has two panels, a larger on top. Above each door is a semicircular overlight. A set of concrete stairs leads up to each door. The peak of the gable is decorated by a board with a trefoil cutout and simple stickwork below.

The Frederick Street (west) elevation is five bays long with six brick buttresses defining the bays. The first floor windows have six-over-six, double-hung sash, except the southernmost which has a one-over-one sash with stained glass. The northernmost bay contains a door. On the second floor are five lancet-shaped, stained glass windows.

The east elevation is very similar to the west but stands against the dwelling just east of it. The north gable end has windows only on the first floor.

The floor plan of the first floor consists of an entrance/stair hall in the south end and a large meeting room with a stage in the northeast corner in the rest of the building. The stairs rise from either side to the center, leading into the church. There is a balcony on the south end facing the altar in the north end. The pews were installed in three sections and are curved facing the altar. The interior, very plain in decoration, has been renovated several times, though the pews are earlier than the modifications.

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
PREHISTORIC	_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	XRELIGION
_1400-1499	_ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	_LAW	_SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	X_ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	_TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	XOTHER (SPECIFY)
		_INVENTION		black history

SPECIFIC DATES

1892

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The African Methodist Episcopal Church building in Cumberland is a material part of the history of the free blacks in that city. This substantial building reflect the level of prosperity the black community had reached by 1892, as well as the prominent place of the Church in the life of the community.

The congregation that built this church is itself important in Maryland's black history as an early organized group of free blacks. In 1847 blacks who had for many years worshipped from the balcony at the Centre Street Methodist Episcopal Church decided to leave the white congregation and build their own church. They elected a board of trustees, and a plain brick building was completed by the end of 1848. A Father Golden, of Baltimore, came to Cumberland to help in this effort.

In 1847 Lot #15 in Magruder's Addition to Cumberland was sold to the trustees of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, in particular, Burgis Magruder. In 1863, after Magruder's death, his administrator confirmed the sale to the trustees, described as "free men of color". The deed mentions a "church and lot".

This first church was rebuilt and enlarged in 1871 and enlarged again in 1875 to accommodate the increasing membership. The present church was built in 1892 in the Methodist tradition with the sanctuary on the second floor and Sunday school rooms below.

A certificate of incorporation was recorded for the congregation on July 7, 1886. The trustees at that time were Pastor Joseph H. Robinson, Frederick Burger, Allison Shackelford, Philip L. Brown, William H. Campbell, and Stewart McNeal.

Two years later a deed was recorded from the House Building Association of Cumberland to the African Methodist Episcopal Church (65/644). The lot description was as follows:

All that lot . . . the intersection of the North side of Decatur Street with the East side of Frederick Street.

In 1901 this lot was sold to William M. Mertens (88/411).

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES AL-IV-A-136 and Records of Allegany County. Courthouse, Cumberland, Maryland. Lowdermilk, Will H. History of Cumberland. Baltimore: Regional Publishing Company, 1971 reprint. reservation Society of Allegany County, Inc. Heritage Press. Cumberland, Md., 1970. 10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 260 feet on Frederick Street by fifty feet on Decatur Street NORTHING NORTHING VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES CODE CODE STATE CODE COUNTY STATE FORM PREPARED BY Faye Purdham and Mel Collins **ORGANIZATION** Maryland Historical Trust, Allegany County Committee November 197 STREET & NUMBER TELEPHONE 303 East Clement Street CITY OR TOWN Cumber 1 and Maryland 21502 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE TITLE DATE FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER DATE DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION DATE KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

